

A -

MC-167

ТЕТРАДЬ

для _____

учени _____ класса _____

школы _____

1	2	3	4	5	Σ
7	7	7	7	7	35

Л

Числовик.

MC-167

N 1

Предположим, что x, y, z - разные числа.

$$xy + 2021^2 = yz + 2021x$$

$$xy - yz = 2021x - 2021z$$

$$y(x - z) = 2021(x - z)$$

т.к. $x \neq z$, то $y = 2021 \frac{x-z}{x-z} = 2021$.

$$yz + 2021x = zx + 2021y$$

$$yz - zx = 2021y - 2021x$$

$$z(y-x) = 2021(y-x)$$

т.к. $y \neq x$, то $z = 2021 \frac{y-x}{y-x} = 2021$.

Значит, $y = z = 2021$, но, но

предположимо x, y, z - разные числа.

Противоречие.

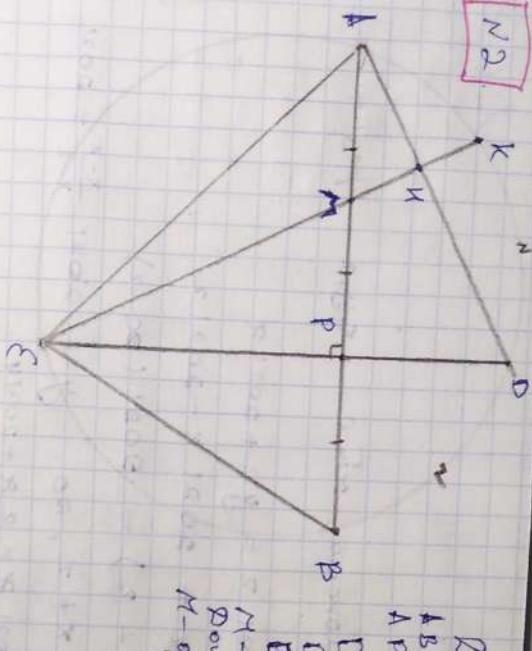
Значит, что хотя бы где число

из x, y, z - равны.

У. и.з.

⊕ 75.

N2



Dado:
 $\angle B = 2\angle P$
 $AP = 2PB$, $P \in [AB]$.

De - vogão
 $DE \perp AB$
 $DE \cap AB = P$
 H - vértice de $\angle APB$.
 Dado: $\angle H = 2\angle P$.
 H - oposto a $\angle AEP$.

e) Prop - $\angle BPE = \angle HEB$, $\angle HEP = \angle PEB$.
 Porque, $\angle KED = \angle DEB$ ($K \in EH$, $D \in EP$).
 $\angle BPE = \angle DBE$ m.u. $\angle HEB = \angle HED$.

Portanto $\angle BPE + \angle HED = \angle HEB + \angle KED$.
 Isto é, $\angle BPE + \angle HED = 180^\circ$.
 Logo, $\angle BPE + \angle HED = 180^\circ$.

Q.e.d.

Resposta:

Seja H o vértice da reta EH .
 H é o vértice de $\angle APB$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$.

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \quad & \angle H - \text{oposto a } \angle APB, \text{ logo } \angle H = \angle APB = \frac{1}{2} \angle APB. \\ 2) \quad & \angle H = 2\angle P, \text{ logo } \angle APB = 2\angle P, \text{ logo } \angle APB = \angle AEP. \\ 3) \quad & \angle KED = \angle HED. \end{aligned}$$

Outra solução:
 1) $\angle H = \angle APB$ (H é o vértice da reta EH).
 H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle APB$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle APB$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$.

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \quad & \angle H = \angle APB = \angle AEP. \\ 4) \quad & \angle BPE = \frac{1}{2} (\angle DBE + \angle AEC) \\ & \quad + \angle AKE = \frac{1}{2} (\angle BEC + \angle AKD) = \angle BPE. \text{ (usar)} \\ 5) \quad & \angle BPE = 90^\circ \quad (\text{ } DE \perp AB), \text{ logo } \angle EHD = 90^\circ. \end{aligned}$$

Sistematicamente, EH é bissetriz de $\angle AED$.

$$10) \quad \text{m.u. } AB \perp DE, \text{ logo } AP - \text{bissetriz de } AED.$$

EH é bissetriz de $\angle AED$ (H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$).

Outra solução:
 H é o vértice de $\angle APB$.
 H é o vértice de $\angle AEP$.

5) $\angle H = \angle P$, $DE \perp AB$, logo

$\angle BPE = \frac{1}{2} (\angle BPE + \angle AED)$, logo

$\angle BPE = \frac{1}{2} (180^\circ + 90^\circ)$

$\angle BPE = 135^\circ$

Suavum, pausarrewo n base

$$44 \quad \text{Orbam: } 44. \quad \text{+} \quad 75.$$

3uganda 4.

$$\frac{1}{2020} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2021} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2020^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2020 \cdot 2021} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2021^2}}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2020}{2021}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) > 1.$$

$$\frac{2020}{2021} < 1.$$

Suavum,

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) > \frac{2020}{2021}$$

$$\frac{1}{2020} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2020} \right) > \frac{1}{2021} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2021} \right)$$

75

3 baguna 5.

THE KANGAROO

C 2 u3

u3 10 ku. gphyseu

40 gphyseusue nafu buga

10 kuu — 11ku-uk (20.2 = 40)

M.u.

11-uk

gphyseus

dotimo

KANGAROO

reku

gphyseus

dotimo

14 - uu

gphyseus

dotimo

melouue

gphyseu

u3 10 kuu

M.u.

gphyseus

dotimo

14 - uu

gphyseus

dotimo

u3

gphyseus

dotimo

u3

gphyseus

dotimo

10 kuu

gphyseus

dotimo

14 - uu

gphyseus

dotimo

u3

gphyseus

dotimo

14 - uu

gphyseus

dotimo

u3

gphyseus

dotimo

14 - uu

gphyseus

dotimo

u3

gphyseus

dotimo

① gphyseu manoue domo ~~indhe~~ southe, reu.
y opharo 14. kuu dotima, anane

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y opharo 14. kuu dotima, anane

gphyseu 6 10 ku. kokeri dotima

1 gphyseu 6 10 ku. kokeri dotima

$$1 + 20 + \frac{1}{2} < 31, \text{ maka } 0 < x < 20.$$

Catil 200 mangan c. 1 gharne curuk
napos 20, mangan
beras 1+ - mungo R. na dawur, tan

$$1 + 20 + \frac{40-20}{2} = 31 (1 - 20)$$

gipsen, 20 c. 1 gipsen, bahanan
na mangan, mangan c. 2 gipsen).

Tite. na moyman dengung

na 31 mangan (1+ - mungo na dawur).

Tipueck gude 31.

1 - des 3 gipsen

20 - unbenan na ogungung pag uong
gipsen. (ogungung gipsen c. 1 gipsen c. 2 um 8-)
10 - unbenan na goba gipsen 6

6 buka (1,2), (3,4)... (19,20),
nge 1, 2, ..., 20 - 10 mungo.

Tanger, 2 mangan 10-na na 2 gipsen
k 14 m. Dipsesembar napo 40.

Om Ben: 31.

(Tg)